

First List of Prioritized Chemicals is published by MoEU of Turkey.

The Chemical Inventory and Control By-law implemented by December 2008 had its first notification deadline by March 2011 and the first update to notifications are covered by first half of 2012 by both the local industry and chemical exporters to Turkey. By the end of 2011 the inventories for HPV and LPV were published by MoEU. HPV substances inventory was consisting of 597 substances where LPV inventory was listing 2886 substances.

MoEU of Turkey now had published a list of prioritized substances consisting of 131 chemicals.

The list can be found at the web site of MoEU :

http://www.csb.gov.tr/dosyalar/images/file/1_ongeliklist20120710.pdf

Prioritization criteria were mentioned on Article 13 and 14 of the regulation. MoEU reviewed the inventories under the light of the criteria mentioned on those articles to make an evaluation and prioritize the chemicals.

Due to our discussions with the people from the competent authorities we may consider that those listed substances will be the basis for future control by-laws for a higher tier control and prevention of hazards to health and the environment. But these wont be in a short notice and will be step by step implemented. Also it's being named as "**List of Prioritized substances No:1**" makes us feel like there might be further numbered lists in the future as well.

When we review the list we can easily realize that most of the inclusions are form the HPV listed substances where there are very few inclusions from LPV substance inventory.

Also we would like to remind that according to Article 14, the manufacturer or the importer who notified a substance listed on LPS might be asked for additional information test results within the period specified by Ministry, after the publication of the list with a written request and within the scope of the procedure to be specified by Ministry. "

Related articles of the C.I.C.R.

Priority List-

ARTICLE 13- (1) Ministry shall prepare and publish a priority list of the prioritized substances or the groups of substances which require to pay attention due to their potential hazards posed to human health and the environment, depending on the information provided by manufacturers and importers in accordance with Article 7 and 8.

(2) The following factors shall be taken into consideration for the preparation of priority list:

- a) Effects of the substance on human health and the environment
- b) Human and environmental exposure to the substance
- c) Inadequacy of data on effects of the substance on human health and environment
- ç) Studies carried out at international organisations and under the international conventions, which Turkey stands as a party.
- d) Other national legislation on dangerous substances.

(3) If the substance has a chronic effect in particular it is carcinogenic, toxic for reproduction and/or mutagenic or it is well known for aggravating these effects or it causes such suspicion, those substances shall be paid special attention.

Risk Assessments for the substances appearing on the Priority List

ARTICLE 14- (1) Ministry shall perform a risk assessment for the substances in priority list specified in paragraph 1 of Article 13. Depending on this primary risk assessment, the manufacturer or the importer who provided the information on the substance in accordance with Articles 7 and 8, with regard to written request within the scope of the procedure to be specified by Ministry, shall submit the requested information, up on request the additional test results within the period specified by Ministry, after the publication of the list